## § 3560.57

- (E) The entity or its members will not be receiving any direct or indirect benefits pursuant to LIHTC.
- (ii) A drawing will be held in the event of a tie score, first for proposals from applicants who meet the conditions of paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section and next for proposals from applicants for which paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section is not applicable. Each proposal will be numbered in the order in which it is drawn.
- (3) The Agency will request initial loan applications from parties who submitted the housing proposals with the highest ranking, taking into consideration available funds. The Agency will notify non-selected parties with the reasons for their non-selection, and the process that may be used to seek a review of the non-selection decision.
- (d) Processing initial loan applications. The Agency will review all initial loan applications submitted in accordance with Agency requirements to further evaluate the eligibility and feasibility of the housing proposals. This determination will include:
- (1) A review of the preliminary plans and cost estimates,
- (2) A market feasibility review,
- (3) An Agency site visit to gather preliminary environmental information and determine that the proposed site meets the site requirements of \$3560.58.
- (4) A review of the Affirmative Fair Housing Marketing Plan,
- (5) An analysis of current credit reports.
- (6) A review of Civil Rights Impact Analysis in accordance with 7 CFR part 2006, subpart P. and
- (7) Completion of the appropriate level of environmental review in accordance with 7 CFR part 1940, subpart
- (e) Processing order of initial loan applications. The Agency will process initial loan applications in rank order, taking into account available funds. If any initial loan applications are withdrawn, rejected, or delayed for a period of time that will not permit funding in the current funding cycle, the Agency will process, in rank order, the next initial loan application as funding levels permit.

- (f) Other assistance. During each stage of loan application processing, loan applicants must notify the Agency of all other assistance, including other Federal Government assistance proposed or approved for use in connection with the loan application.
- (g) Proposal withdrawal or rejection. An applicant may withdraw a housing proposal, an initial loan application, or a final loan application at any time during the Agency review process with a written request. The Agency may reject a housing proposal, an initial loan application, or a final loan application at any time during the Agency review process when an applicant fails to provide information requested by the Agency within the time frame specified by the Agency.
- (h) Final applications. Applicants, with initial loan applications that are selected by the Agency for further processing, must submit a final application, with any additional information requested by the Agency, to confirm and document a housing proposal's eligibility and feasibility, including an affirmative fair housing marketing plan. The Agency will notify applicants with initial loan applications that are not selected for further processing of their non-selection. the reasons for their non-selection, and the process that may be used to seek a review of the non-selection decision.
- (i) Rural cooperative housing proposals. Rural cooperative housing loan proposals will be solicited through a NOFA and will be assessed and processed in the same manner described in paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section.

## § 3560.57 Designated places for section 515 housing.

(a) Establish a list of designated places. The Agency will establish a list of designated places from which loan proposals will be accepted. The list is updated each fiscal year and is available when the NOFA is published. The NOFA provides information on obtaining the list. This list will be developed from a list of rural places which the Agency identifies as having the greatest need for multifamily housing based on the following factors:

## Rural Housing Service, USDA

- (1) Qualification as a rural area as defined in §3560.11.
  - (2) Lack of mortgage credit, and
- (3) Demonstrated need for MFH based on:
  - (i) The incidence of poverty,
- (ii) The existence of substandard housing,
- (iii) The lack of affordable housing, and
  - (iv) The following high need areas:
- (A) Places identified in the state Consolidated Plan or similar state plan or needs assessment report,
- (B) Indian reservations or communities located within the boundaries of tribal allotted or trust land, and
  - (C) EZ/EC or REAP communities.
- (b) Establishing partnership designated place list. The Agency, in states with an active leveraging program and formal partnership agreement with the state agency, may establish a partnership designated place list consisting of places identified by the partnership as high need areas based on criteria consistent with the Agency's and the state's authorizing statutes. The partnership agreement and partnership designated place list must have the concurrence of the Administrator.
- (c) Administrator's discretion. The Administrator may add to the list of designated places any place that is determined to have a compelling need for MFH, for example, a place that has had a substantial increase in population not reflected in the most recent census data, or a place that has experienced a loss of affordable housing because of a natural disaster.
- (d) Restrictions on loans in certain designated places. (1) Initial loan applications will not be requested and final loan applications will not be closed for housing proposals in designated places where any of the following conditions exist:
- (i) The Agency has selected another MFH proposal in the designated place for processing.
- (ii) A previously funded Agency, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), low-income housing tax credit or other similar assisted MFH in the designated place has not been completed or has not reached projected occupancy levels.

- (iii) Existing assisted MFH in the designated place is experiencing high vacancy levels.
- (iv) A special note rent or other loan servicing tool is pending or in effect for other assisted housing in the designated place, or
- (v) The need in the market area is for additional rental assistance and not additional rental units.
- (2) Exceptions to the provisions in §3560.57(d)(1) may be made:
- (i) When a group home is proposed for persons with disabilities in an area where the existing MFH is insufficient or unavailable for their needs; or
- (ii) There is a compelling need for additional MFH, for example when the units that have been approved or are under development represent only a small portion of the total units needed in the community.

## §3560.58 Site requirements.

- (a) Location. (1) New construction section 515 loans will be made only in designated places selected by the Agency in accordance with the requirements of § 3560.57.
- (2) Agency-financed MFH must be located in residential areas as part of established rural communities, except as permitted in §3560.58(b), and for farm labor housing units financed under sections 514 and 516, which may be developed in any area where a need for farm labor housing exists.
- (3) Communities in which Agency-financed MFH is located must have adequate facilities and services to support the needs of tenants.
- (4) Housing complexes will not be located in areas where there are undesirable influences such as high activity railroad tracks; adjacent to or near industrial sites; bordering sites or structures which are not decent, safe, or sanitary; or bordering sites which have potential environmental concerns such as processing plants. Sites which are not an integral part of a residential community and do not have reasonable access, either by location or terrain, to essential community facilities such as water, sewerage removal, schools, shopping, employment opportunities, medical facilities, may not be acceptable. Consistent with Federal law and Departmental Regulation, the Agency